NOTE: All the problems are posed in the Euclidean affine space endowed with a Cartesian rectangular reference system.

 $\mathbf{1.-}$ Given the quadric with equation:

 $2x^{2} - y^{2} - z^{2} - 2xy + 2xz - 4yz - 2x + 2y = 0.$

classify the surface and sketch a drawing of it.

(Final exam, May 2015)

2.– Given the equation:

 $x^{2} + 2y^{2} + 5z^{2} + 2xy + 2xz + 2yz + 4x + 2y + 4z + 1 = 0,$

classify the quadric it defines and sketch a picture of it.

(Final exam, July 2012)

3.– Write the equation of:

(a) a non-degenerate quadric that does not contain any ellipses.

(b) a non-degenerate quadric containing ellipses and infinitely many lines.

(c) a quadric containing ellipses, parabolas and hyperbolas.

(Final exam, September 2009)

4.- Given the quadric with equation

 $3x^{2} + 2y^{2} - z^{2} + 4xy + 2xz + 4x - 4z - 1 = 0.$

classify the surface and sketch a drawing of it.

(Final exam, May 2013)

5.- Given the quadric with equation:

$$x^{2} + 2y^{2} + z^{2} + 6xz - 2x + 4y - 6z + 3 = 0.$$

- i) Classify the surface and sketch a picture of it.
- ii) Is there any plane that cuts the surface in a parabola?

(Final exam, June 2013)

6.— We consider the family of quadrics of \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$Q_{\alpha,\beta}: x^2 + \alpha z^2 + 2\beta x + 2\beta y + 2\beta z = 0$$

Classify the different quadrics in this family in terms of α and β .

(Final exam, December 2005)

7.- In the Euclidean space and with respect to a rectangular reference, consider the quadrics given by the equations

 $x^{2} - 2y^{2} + az^{2} - 2xz + 2yz + 2x + 1 = 0$, with $a \in \mathbb{R}$.

Classify these quadrics in terms of the different values of a.

(Final exam, September 2006)

8.- In the affine space and with respect to a rectangular reference, consider the quadrics with equations:

$$ax^{2} + (1-a)y^{2} + az^{2} + 2(1-a)xz + 2x + 2z + 3 = 0,$$

with $a \in \mathbb{R}$. Classify these quadrics in terms of the parameter a.

(Final exam, December 2007)

9.– Classify, in terms of the parameter λ , the quadric:

 $(4 - \lambda)x^{2} + 2y^{2} - \lambda z^{2} + 4xy + 2\lambda xz + 4x - 4z - \lambda = 0.$

(Second partial exam, June 2009)

 ${\bf 10.}-$ Given the quadric with equation

$$x^2 - 8z^2 + 4xy + 2xz - 8yz + 8y + 8z + 2 = 0$$

classify this surface and sketch a picture of it.

(Final exam, May 2014)

11.– Given the quadric with equation

$$x^{2} + 3y^{2} + 4z^{2} + 2xy + 4xz - 16yz - 12y + 12z + 3 = 0$$

classify the surface and sketch a drawing of it.

(Final exam, July 2014)