



Nome / Nombre: _____

Materia: _____

Curso: _____

Grupo: _____

Núm. Matrícula: _____

¿ Convergen los cuadraturas simple cuando $n \rightarrow \infty$?Sea la cuadratura $\{(x_i^n, w_i^n)\}_{i=0, \dots, n}$ tal que

$$\begin{cases} \int_a^b f(x) dx = \sum_{i=0}^n w_i^n f(x_i^n) + \varepsilon_n \\ \int_a^b P_n(x) dx = \sum_{i=0}^n w_i^n P_n(x_i^n) \quad \forall P_n(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_a^b (f(x) - P_n(x)) dx = \sum_{i=0}^n w_i^n (f(x_i^n) - P_n(x_i^n)) + \varepsilon_n$$

$$\varepsilon_n = \int_a^b (f(x) - P_n(x)) dx - \sum_{i=0}^n w_i^n (f(x_i^n) - P_n(x_i^n))$$

$$|\varepsilon_n| \leq \left| \int_a^b (f(x) - P_n(x)) dx \right| + \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n (f(x_i^n) - P_n(x_i^n))|$$

$$\leq \int_a^b |f(x) - P_n(x)| dx + \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n| |f(x_i^n) - P_n(x_i^n)| \quad \forall P_n(x)$$

T. Weierstrass

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists n, \hat{P}_n(x) / |f(x) - \hat{P}_n(x)| \leq \varepsilon \quad \forall x \in [a, b]$$

$$\text{ luego } \forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists n / |\varepsilon_n| \leq \int_a^b |f(x) - \hat{P}_n(x)| dx + \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n| |f(x_i^n) - \hat{P}_n(x_i^n)|$$

$$\leq \int_a^b \varepsilon dx + \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n| \varepsilon$$

$$= \varepsilon \left[(b-a) + \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n| \right]$$

$$\text{ Si } \underline{w_i^n \geq 0 \quad \forall i, n} \Rightarrow \sum_{i=0}^n |w_i^n| = \sum_{i=0}^n w_i^n = \int_a^b 1 dx = (b-a)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\exists n / |\varepsilon_n| \leq 2\varepsilon(b-a)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{ Gauss: pesos positivos } \Rightarrow \text{ Convergencia asegurada} \\ \text{ N-C: pesos } +, - \Rightarrow \text{ no asegurada} \end{array} \right.$$